

## SENATE BILL No. 193

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### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 35-50-2-9.

**Synopsis:** Death penalty and life imprisonment without parole. Provides that a person who commits murder may receive the death penalty or life imprisonment without parole if a protective order was in effect for the benefit of the murder victim and against the person who committed the murder at the time the murder was committed. Allows the state to present evidence of a defendant's history of delinquency or criminality during the penalty phase of the defendant's murder trial.

**Effective:** July 1, 2004.

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**Young R Michael**

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January 6, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Criminal, Civil and Public Policy.

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Introduced

Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## SENATE BILL No. 193

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 35-50-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.147-2003,  
2 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE  
3 JULY 1, 2004]: Sec. 9. (a) The state may seek either a death sentence  
4 or a sentence of life imprisonment without parole for murder by  
5 alleging, on a page separate from the rest of the charging instrument,  
6 the existence of at least one (1) of the aggravating circumstances listed  
7 in subsection (b). In the sentencing hearing after a person is convicted  
8 of murder, the state must prove beyond a reasonable doubt the  
9 existence of at least one (1) of the aggravating circumstances alleged.  
10 However, the state may not proceed against a defendant under this  
11 section if a court determines at a pretrial hearing under IC 35-36-9 that  
12 the defendant is a mentally retarded individual.  
13 (b) The aggravating circumstances are as follows:  
14 (1) The defendant committed the murder by intentionally killing  
15 the victim while committing or attempting to commit any of the  
16 following:  
17 (A) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1).



- 1 (B) Burglary (IC 35-43-2-1).
- 2 (C) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
- 3 (D) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).
- 4 (E) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
- 5 (F) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).
- 6 (G) Robbery (IC 35-42-5-1).
- 7 (H) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2).
- 8 (I) Criminal gang activity (IC 35-45-9-3).
- 9 (J) Dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC 35-48-4-1).
- 10 (2) The defendant committed the murder by the unlawful
- 11 detonation of an explosive with intent to injure person or damage
- 12 property.
- 13 (3) The defendant committed the murder by lying in wait.
- 14 (4) The defendant who committed the murder was hired to kill.
- 15 (5) The defendant committed the murder by hiring another person
- 16 to kill.
- 17 (6) The victim of the murder was a corrections employee,
- 18 probation officer, parole officer, community corrections worker,
- 19 home detention officer, fireman, judge, or law enforcement
- 20 officer, and either:
- 21 (A) the victim was acting in the course of duty; or
- 22 (B) the murder was motivated by an act the victim performed
- 23 while acting in the course of duty.
- 24 (7) The defendant has been convicted of another murder.
- 25 (8) The defendant has committed another murder, at any time,
- 26 regardless of whether the defendant has been convicted of that
- 27 other murder.
- 28 (9) The defendant was:
- 29 (A) under the custody of the department of correction;
- 30 (B) under the custody of a county sheriff;
- 31 (C) on probation after receiving a sentence for the commission
- 32 of a felony; or
- 33 (D) on parole;
- 34 at the time the murder was committed.
- 35 (10) The defendant dismembered the victim.
- 36 (11) The defendant burned, mutilated, or tortured the victim while
- 37 the victim was alive.
- 38 (12) The victim of the murder was less than twelve (12) years of
- 39 age.
- 40 (13) The victim was a victim of any of the following offenses for
- 41 which the defendant was convicted:
- 42 (A) Battery as a Class D felony or as a Class C felony under

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- 1 IC 35-42-2-1.  
 2 (B) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).  
 3 (C) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).  
 4 (D) A sex crime under IC 35-42-4.
- 5 (14) The victim of the murder was listed by the state or known by  
 6 the defendant to be a witness against the defendant and the  
 7 defendant committed the murder with the intent to prevent the  
 8 person from testifying.
- 9 (15) The defendant committed the murder by intentionally  
 10 discharging a firearm (as defined in IC 35-47-1-5):  
 11 (A) into an inhabited dwelling; or  
 12 (B) from a vehicle.
- 13 (16) The victim of the murder was pregnant and the murder  
 14 resulted in the intentional killing of a fetus that has attained  
 15 viability (as defined in IC 16-18-2-365).
- 16 **(17) At the time of the murder, the defendant was the subject**  
 17 **of any of the following orders:**  
 18 **(A) A foreign protection order or an order for protection**  
 19 **that ordered the defendant to refrain from committing acts**  
 20 **described in IC 34-26-5-9(b)(1) and IC 34-26-5-9(b)(2)**  
 21 **against the victim of the murder.**  
 22 **(B) A temporary restraining order that ordered the**  
 23 **defendant to refrain from:**  
 24 **(i) abusing;**  
 25 **(ii) harassing;**  
 26 **(iii) disturbing the peace of; or**  
 27 **(iv) committing a battery on;**  
 28 **the victim of the murder.**  
 29 **(C) A judicial order that ordered the defendant to refrain**  
 30 **from direct or indirect contact with the victim of the**  
 31 **murder.**  
 32 **(D) A workplace violence restraining order that ordered**  
 33 **the defendant to refrain from committing unlawful acts of**  
 34 **violence or making credible threats of violence against the**  
 35 **victim of the murder.**
- 36 (c) The mitigating circumstances that may be considered under this  
 37 section are as follows:  
 38 (1) The defendant has no significant history of prior criminal  
 39 conduct.  
 40 (2) The defendant was under the influence of extreme mental or  
 41 emotional disturbance when the murder was committed.  
 42 (3) The victim was a participant in or consented to the defendant's

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conduct.

(4) The defendant was an accomplice in a murder committed by another person, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor.

(5) The defendant acted under the substantial domination of another person.

(6) The defendant's capacity to appreciate the criminality of the defendant's conduct or to conform that conduct to the requirements of law was substantially impaired as a result of mental disease or defect or of intoxication.

(7) The defendant was less than eighteen (18) years of age at the time the murder was committed.

(8) Any other circumstances appropriate for consideration.

(d) If the defendant was convicted of murder in a jury trial, the jury shall reconvene for the sentencing hearing. If the trial was to the court, or the judgment was entered on a guilty plea, the court alone shall conduct the sentencing hearing. The jury or the court may consider all the evidence introduced at the trial stage of the proceedings, together with new evidence presented at the sentencing hearing. The court shall instruct the jury concerning the statutory penalties for murder and any other offenses for which the defendant was convicted, the potential for consecutive or concurrent sentencing, and the availability of good time credit and clemency. The court shall instruct the jury that, in order for the jury to recommend to the court that the death penalty or life imprisonment without parole should be imposed, the jury must find at least one (1) aggravating circumstance beyond a reasonable doubt as described in subsection (k) and shall provide a special verdict form for each aggravating circumstance alleged. The:

(1) defendant may present any additional evidence relevant to:

(1) ~~(A)~~ the aggravating circumstances alleged; or

(2) ~~(B)~~ any of the mitigating circumstances listed in subsection (c); and

**(2) state may present additional evidence of the defendant's history of delinquency or criminality.**

(e) For a defendant sentenced after June 30, 2002, except as provided by IC 35-36-9, if the hearing is by jury, the jury shall recommend to the court whether the death penalty or life imprisonment without parole, or neither, should be imposed. The jury may recommend:

(1) the death penalty; or

(2) life imprisonment without parole;

only if it makes the findings described in subsection (l). If the jury

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reaches a sentencing recommendation, the court shall sentence the defendant accordingly. After a court pronounces sentence, a representative of the victim's family and friends may present a statement regarding the impact of the crime on family and friends. The impact statement may be submitted in writing or given orally by the representative. The statement shall be given in the presence of the defendant.

(f) If a jury is unable to agree on a sentence recommendation after reasonable deliberations, the court shall discharge the jury and proceed as if the hearing had been to the court alone.

(g) If the hearing is to the court alone, except as provided by IC 35-36-9, the court shall:

(1) sentence the defendant to death; or

(2) impose a term of life imprisonment without parole; only if it makes the findings described in subsection (l).

(h) If a court sentences a defendant to death, the court shall order the defendant's execution to be carried out not later than one (1) year and one (1) day after the date the defendant was convicted. The supreme court has exclusive jurisdiction to stay the execution of a death sentence. If the supreme court stays the execution of a death sentence, the supreme court shall order a new date for the defendant's execution.

(i) If a person sentenced to death by a court files a petition for post-conviction relief, the court, not later than ninety (90) days after the date the petition is filed, shall set a date to hold a hearing to consider the petition. If a court does not, within the ninety (90) day period, set the date to hold the hearing to consider the petition, the court's failure to set the hearing date is not a basis for additional post-conviction relief. The attorney general shall answer the petition for post-conviction relief on behalf of the state. At the request of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney shall assist the attorney general. The court shall enter written findings of fact and conclusions of law concerning the petition not later than ninety (90) days after the date the hearing concludes. However, if the court determines that the petition is without merit, the court may dismiss the petition within ninety (90) days without conducting a hearing under this subsection.

(j) A death sentence is subject to automatic review by the supreme court. The review, which shall be heard under rules adopted by the supreme court, shall be given priority over all other cases. The supreme court's review must take into consideration all claims that the:

(1) conviction or sentence was in violation of the:

(A) Constitution of the State of Indiana; or

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- 1 (B) Constitution of the United States;  
 2 (2) sentencing court was without jurisdiction to impose a  
 3 sentence; and  
 4 (3) sentence:  
 5 (A) exceeds the maximum sentence authorized by law; or  
 6 (B) is otherwise erroneous.

7 If the supreme court cannot complete its review by the date set by the  
 8 sentencing court for the defendant's execution under subsection (h), the  
 9 supreme court shall stay the execution of the death sentence and set a  
 10 new date to carry out the defendant's execution.

11 (k) A person who has been sentenced to death and who has  
 12 completed state post-conviction review proceedings may file a written  
 13 petition with the supreme court seeking to present new evidence  
 14 challenging the person's guilt or the appropriateness of the death  
 15 sentence if the person serves notice on the attorney general. The  
 16 supreme court shall determine, with or without a hearing, whether the  
 17 person has presented previously undiscovered evidence that  
 18 undermines confidence in the conviction or the death sentence. If  
 19 necessary, the supreme court may remand the case to the trial court for  
 20 an evidentiary hearing to consider the new evidence and its effect on  
 21 the person's conviction and death sentence. The supreme court may not  
 22 make a determination in the person's favor nor make a decision to  
 23 remand the case to the trial court for an evidentiary hearing without  
 24 first providing the attorney general with an opportunity to be heard on  
 25 the matter.

26 (l) Before a sentence may be imposed under this section, the jury,  
 27 in a proceeding under subsection (e), or the court, in a proceeding  
 28 under subsection (g), must find that:

- 29 (1) the state has proved beyond a reasonable doubt that at least  
 30 one (1) of the aggravating circumstances listed in subsection (b)  
 31 exists; and  
 32 (2) any mitigating circumstances that exist are outweighed by the  
 33 aggravating circumstance or circumstances.

34 **SECTION 2. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004] IC 35-50-2-9, as**  
 35 **amended by this act, applies only to murder offenses committed**  
 36 **after June 30, 2004.**

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